SALT BRINE ENVIRONMENTAL STEWARDSHIP







APRIL 15, 2022



2022 CEAM SPRING CONFERENCE

PAUL RICHARDSON

Maryland Department of Transportation
State Highway Administration
Paul Richardson & Scott Simons

- 12 Years with MDOT SHA
- Inspector for the WWB TAMS contract
- Resident Maintenance Engineer at Fairland shop
- Project manager for the MCARS assessment for MDOT SHA
- Project Manager for the automated CICO for "Hired winter Equipment"
- MDOT SHA's Resident "BRINE MAKER GURU"

Kris Jagarapu, P.E.

Bureau Chief, Bureau of Highways, Howard County DPW

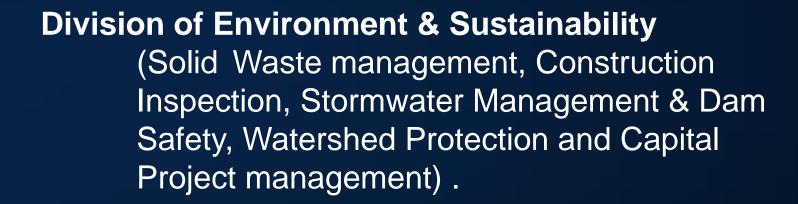
- Over 20 years of experience in the Public and Private sectors
- Bureau Chief of Highways for the past 3 ½ years
- Lives in Ellicott City, MD
- Avid tennis fan, still "thinks" he can keep up playing with his 16 year old son



BIOGRAPHY

Steve Walsh PE, Deputy Director Harford County DPW

Division of Highways (Operations, Engineering)



BS in Civil Engineering 1987 / University of Maryland



OBJECTIVES

Salt Brine Environmental Stewardship – MDOT SHA, Howard County and Harford County

- Share experiences with Salt Brine operations
- What we do
- Why we do it
- What we have learned
- 1.0 PDH



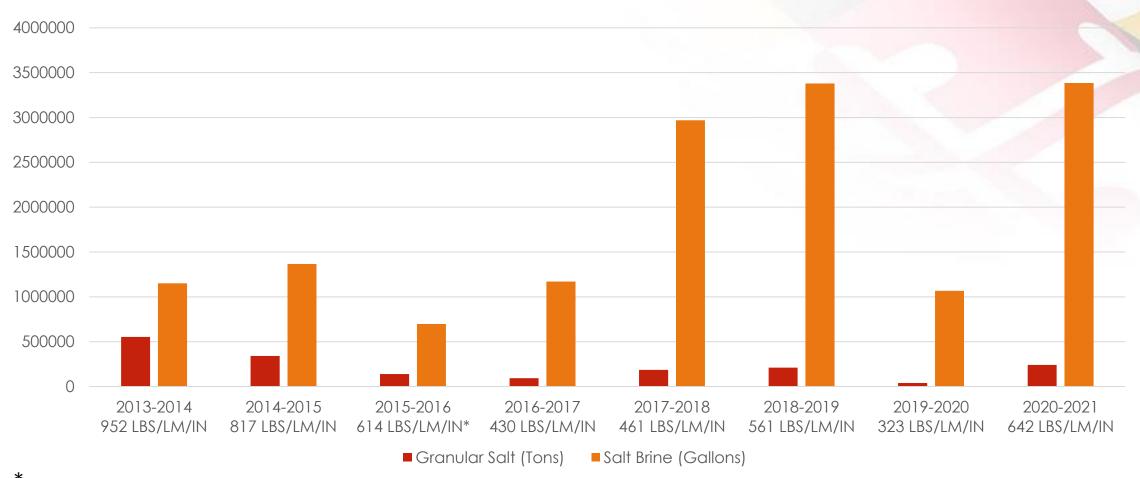




WINTER RESOURCES

- ~1,100 Maintenance Shop Employees
 - ~740 Field Employees
 - ~110 Managers
 - ~200 Administrative Staff and Mechanics
 - ~50 Winter Volunteers
- ~600 MDOT SHA Dump Trucks
- ~2,200 Hired Equipment Contractors
- \$71 Million Winter Budget
- ~385,000 tons Rock Salt
- ~1.7 million gallons Salt Brine storage

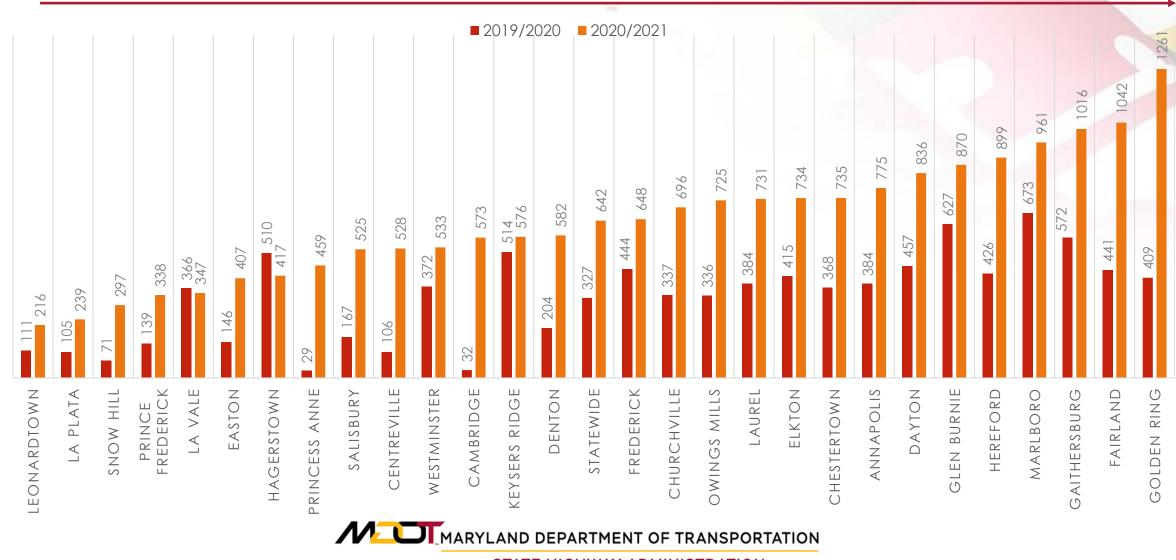
RESOURCE USAGE DATA



^{*} Minus blizzard data



SALT USAGE STATISTICS



AUTOMATED BRINE MAKERS



- 10 of the 14 are completed and fully operational
- Can make upwards of 8000 gallons of brine an hour
 - With a proper water source
 - Solar salt
- Training is currently ongoing

- Augured self clean out
- Can fill trucks (3 at one time) and continue to produce brine at the same time
- Can be controlled from anywhere there is a cell signal while using a tablet



AUTOMATED BRINE MAKER INSTALLATIONS



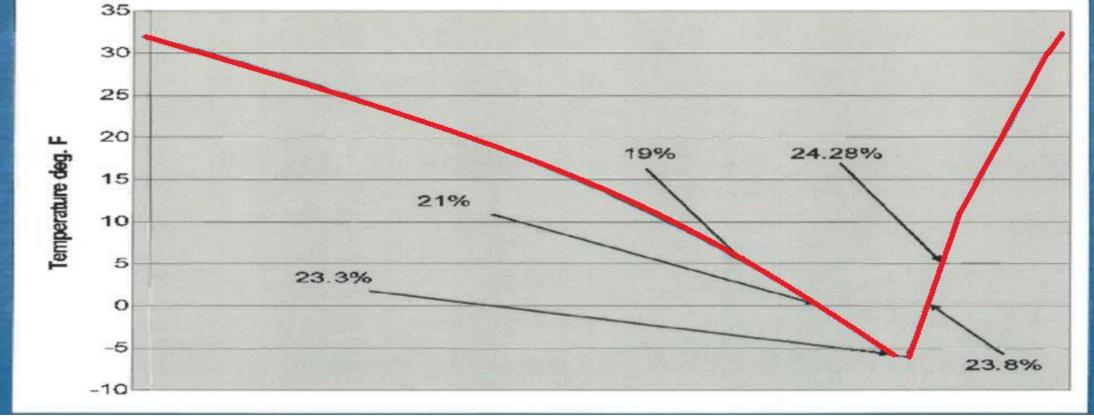
Automated Clean Out

Shop Installation



BACK TO THE BASICS

Why 23.3% Concentration?



BRINE COMPARED TO GRANULAR

• 1 ton Granular = 5 lane miles average

• 1 ton = 750 gallons = 9.5 lane miles average

Needs time to work

Works right away

Increase before decrease

Decrease instantly

Set and forget application rate

Circumstantial application rates

BRINE MAKER + INSTALL COST

- Machine\$220,000
- Shed/structure \$10,000+
- Plumbing \$35,000
- Electrical \$30,000
- Average cost for storage \$12,000/10k gallons
- Other options ...



Salt Brine Environmental Stewardship – Howard County's Experience

Kris Jagarapu, P.E.

Chief, Bureau of Highways, Howard County DPW April 15, 2022







Equipment / Materials

- Materials
 - **→** 32,500 tons of salt
 - ► 58,000 gallons of salt brine
 - 23,500 gallons of magnesium chloride
- Equipment
 - ► 61 10T Single axle trucks
 - 6 5T trucks
 - 3 triaxle trucks
 - 48 pick-up trucks
 - 15 loaders
 - Complemented by 60 pieces of contractor equipment

Salt Brine – Where did it all start?

- Reduce amount of salt usage along County roadways
- "Reduce Bounce", "Activate the Salt": PRE WETTING
- "Be Pro-active": ANTI-ICING
- "React to icy condition calls": **DE-ICING**



Pre-Wetting





Pre-Wetting





Anti-icing

- Snow Emergency Routes
- Pretreating of over 400 lane miles of roadway





Direct Liquid Application Route

- DLA route 20 lane miles
 - Little Patuxent Pkwy
 - Cedar Ln
 - Hickory Ridge Rd
- Application rate 50 gal/lane mile?
- Frequency of reapplication





Salt Brine - Challenges

- Old brine maker
- Inadequate storage
- Contractor dependency
 - Application rate?
- Water supply



New Brine Facility – Under Construction



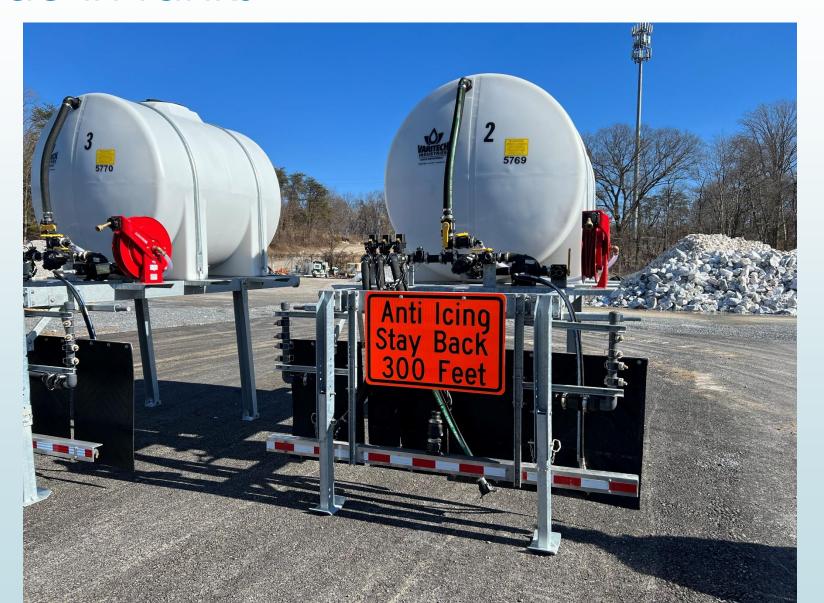


New Brine Facility – Almost ready





Slide-in tanks





Slide-in tanks





Salt Brine – Lessons Learned, Encouraging Excellence

- Find a "Champion"
- Get the buy in Administration, Staff, and Public
- Don't be afraid to try
- Incremental changes
- Track changes and make adjustments

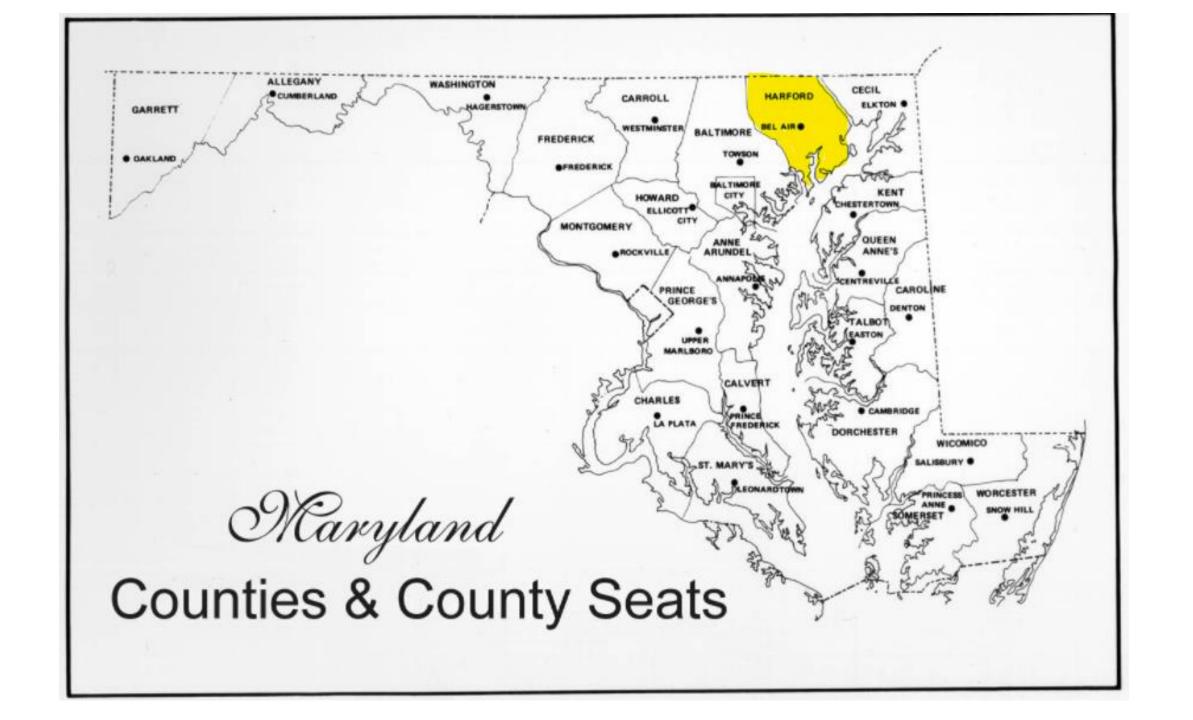


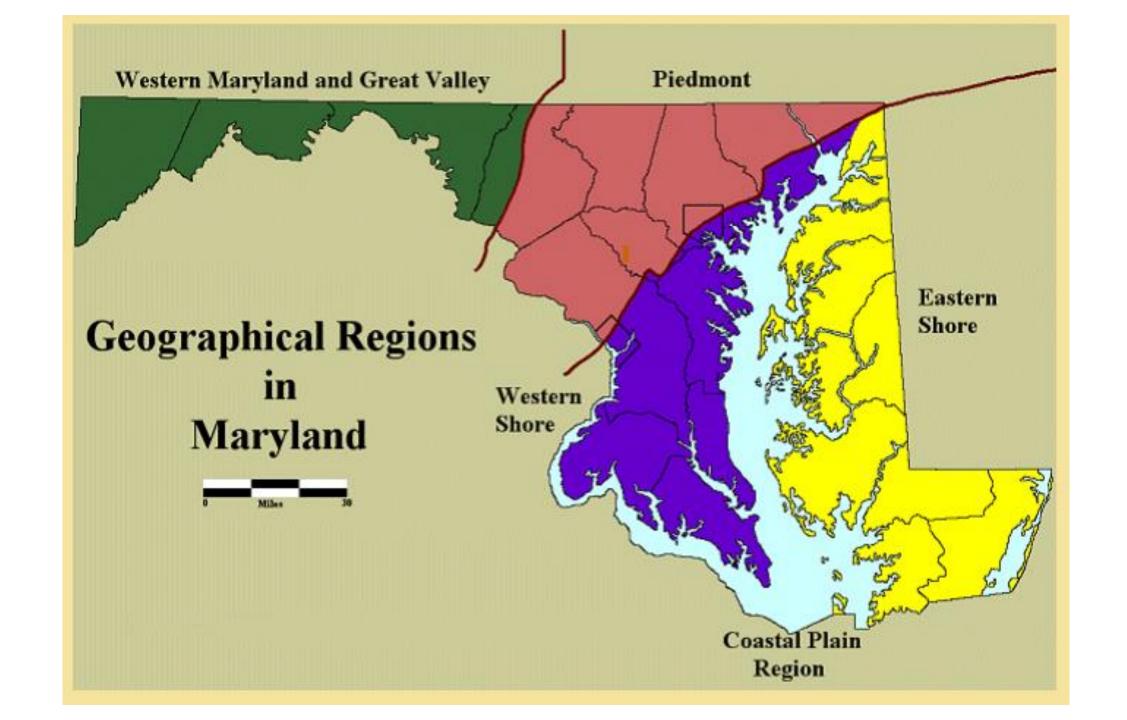


Salt Brine Environmental Stewardship-Harford County Experience

Steve Walsh – Harford County DPW April 15, 2022







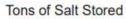


Seventy-five Routes





20,000







195 Employees

QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS?

CONTACT US:



Need to report an issue?

Use our "You CLICK We FIX" app to report issues any time of day or night:

harfordcountymd.gov/YouClickWeFix



HARFORD COUNTY

Department of Public Works Highways Division



410-638-3279



212 S. Bond Street, Bel Air, MD 21014



harfordcountymd.gov/highways

Director Joseph J. Siemek, PE Deputy Director Steven Walsh, PE

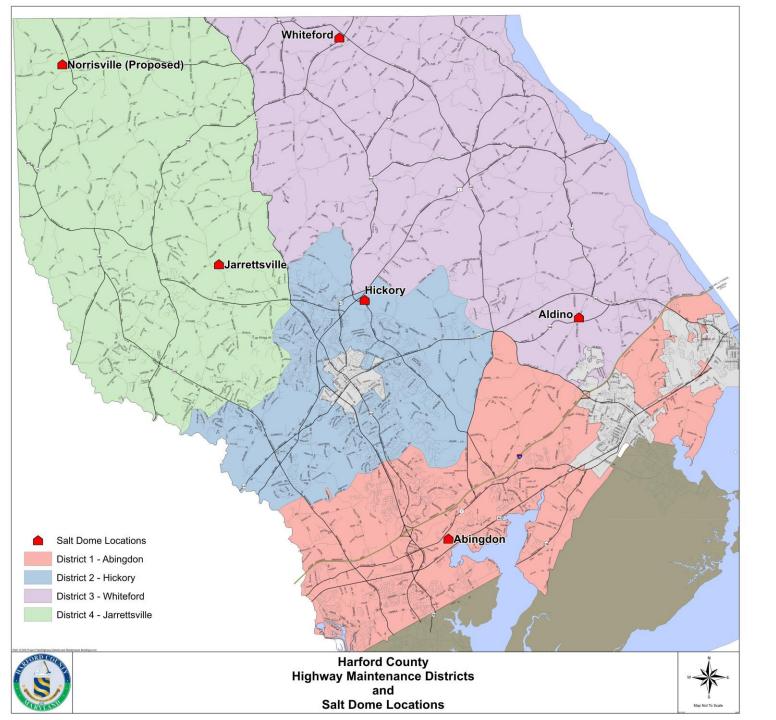


PUBLIC WORKS

SNOW REMOVAL GUIDE







686 miles- Asphalt 351 miles- Tar & Chip 42 miles- Earth

1079 - C/L Miles

2017



 2 - 5500 gallon double wall storage tanks

\$42,000

4 Port City
 Applicators with
 1000 gallon insert

\$100,000





\$135,000



Pretreatment

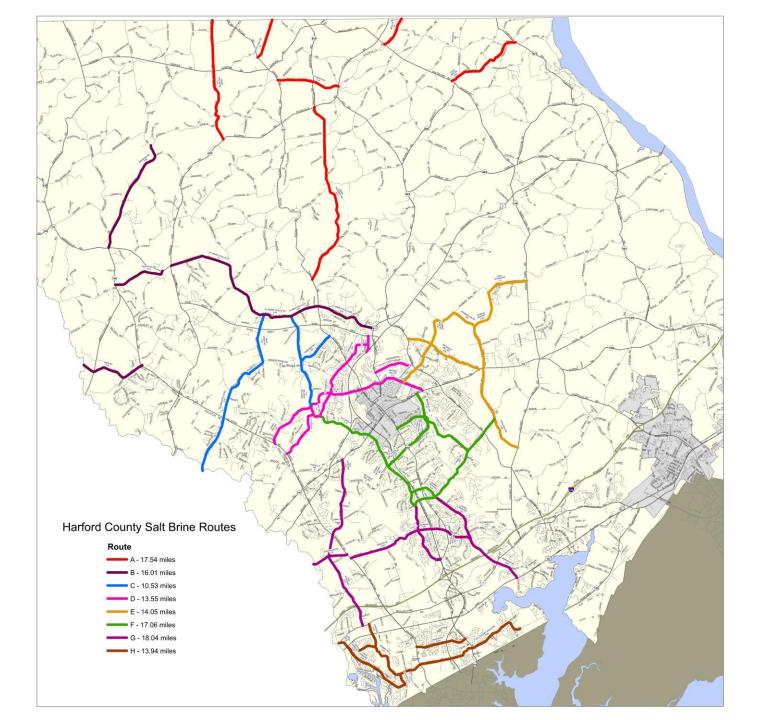


- Pretreatment routes <u>241</u> miles
- 40 gallons per mile requires <u>9700</u> gallons
- Avg 2.42 lbs of salt /gallon of brine
- 23.3 % concentration
- •< 30 MPH



Brine Routes for pretreatment

* Emergency Routes and some Main Routes

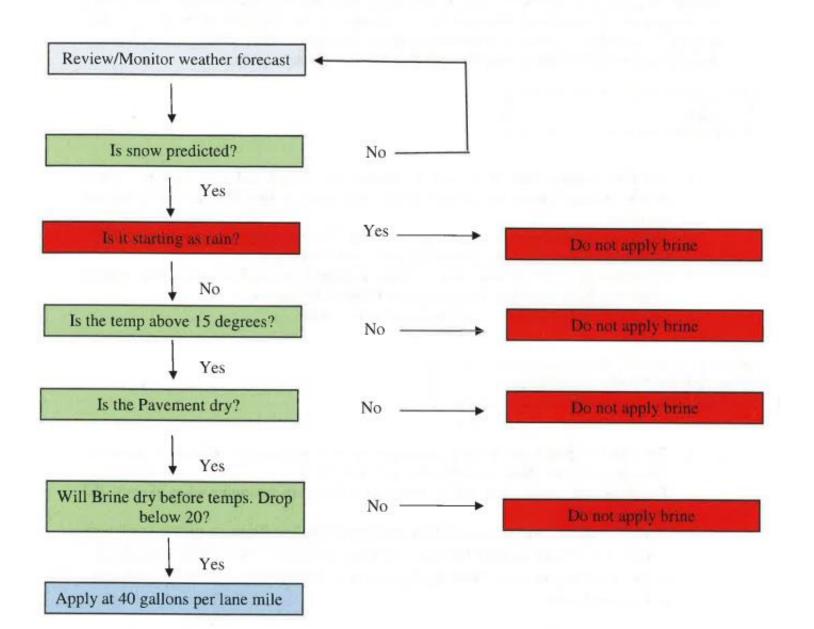


K. BRINE APPLICATION

Standard Operating Procedure

- The Chief of Highways & the Superintendents will monitor the weather to determine when to apply Salt Brine to emergency and main routes.
- The Brine application chart will be used as a tool to help determine when to apply Salt Brine to roads.
- 3. Each District will supply a trained driver to apply the Salt Brine. A pickup truck with a driver will also be required to follow the brine applicator. The pickup truck should be the oldest in your area. Warning Signs should be mounted on the dump truck and pick up truck used.
- 4. We have four applicators; each will be responsible for (2) routes. They will apply Brine at a rate of (40) forty gallons per lane mile. It must be applied at a speed of 30MPH or less. Brine applied at speeds greater than 30MPH will not disperse the proper amount.
- 5. Drivers must clean the trucks and equipment after they have completed their routes.
- Roads that are treated with Brine must be monitored by Route Checkers to determine
 its effectiveness. This information will be relayed to the Chief of Highways &
 Superintendents through there District Supervisor.

Brine Application Decision Chart





Pretreatment

• 2018 - 4 events

• 2019 - 6 events

• 2020 - 1 events

• 2021 - 3 events

• 2022 - 3 events

Savings over 5 years

\$23,753

351 tons (702,000 lbs) less salt





2018 Move towards prewetting systems



4 – Varitech saddle tank prewet systems for tri axles

2 – Varitech saddle tank prewet systems for single axles

Prewetting

- •3 gallons brine/ton of salt
- •200 lb salt per lane mile
- Faster action

Brine usage – Buy in

- Administration
- Staff
- Public

Equipment maintenance

- One staff driver of brine unit
- Organization Culture







Harford County Wins Award for Fleet Operation

Harford County's fleet operations unit has been named one of "The 100 Best Fleets" by the National Association of Fleet Management.

Harford ranked 42nd and ensured that Maryland was represented in the top 100. Fleet operation units were judged on their use of technology, performance, collaboration, service turnaround time and accountability.

Harford County's fleet operations unit is responsible for more than 1,000 pieces of equipment, including sheriff's vehicles, public works trucks, and more.

For the full list of 100 best fleets, visit the association's website.

Share this:









City of Dublin, OH (tie)
The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey
City of Riverside, CA
Harford County, MD
Dakota County, MN Fleet Management
Dallas County, TX
State of Delaware
City of Round Rock, TX

Cobb County, GA (tie)

Harford County Draft MS-4 Permit March 11, 2022

"The County shall reduce the use of winter weather deicing and anti-icing materials...

Why use brine?

Environmental benefit of reduced salt usage

Better service

Best practice

Legal



Why is salt brine important?

Rock salt, or solid salt, is simply

one into solution—that is, until it

to stop snow from freezing to the

is an integral and critical part of

winter maintenance activities.

a layer of brine on the surface of the pavement and ice from freezing to the road. Deicing uses prewetted rock salt to break the bond after snow has frozen to the road.

Anti-icing delivers the same level of service, but it uses one-quarter to one-fifth as much salt as deicing.

Please direct media questions to APWA Communications/Media Relations Manager Laura Bynum at 202-218-6736 or e-mail lbynum@apwa.net.

What is the difference betwee Salt brine is a solution of salt (typically anti-icing and deicing? sodium chloride) and water. It has Anti-icing is a proactive approach

taken to decrease the likelihood of a freezing point lower than pure water and, as such, is a useful tool snow and ice bonding to a pavement surface. Additionally, anti-icing and ice to road surfaces. In addition can prevent frost from forming or to brine made with sodium chloride payement surfaces. Anti-icing involves some winter maintenance agencies placing a layer of brine on the surface also use brines made with calcium storm has begun. This layer prevents chloride or magnesium chloride. Nonetheless, these brines are solutions - the snow and ice from freezing to (or of salt and water, with a freezing icing onto) the road. The alternativepoint lower than the freezing point of which is called deicing-is to let the pure water. The freezing point of brine snow bond/freeze to the road, then is a function of the salt being used in apply pre-wetted rock salt to break the brine (sodium chloride, calcium the bond between the snow and the chloride, or magnesium chloride) and pavement. the percentage by weight of that salt.

Studies have shown that anti-icing will achieve the same level of service on a road or highway using between one-quarter and one-fifth the amount crystals of sodium chloride. Until it has of salt used in deicing. Typically, anti-icing is performed using trucks has formed brine-it will do nothing carrying tanks, which have pumps to spray the brine onto the payement pavement surface. Agencies that use surfaces. In many places lines or rock salt in their winter maintenance stripes of brine can be seen on a road activities are doing so to create brine before a given event. Some people call these safety stripes! Usually, brine on the road surface. Therefore, brine is applied at rates of between 30 and 50 gallons per lane mile.

Next for Harford County

Brine storage tanks at each shop

 Future trucks with saddle tanks and prewet system (10 ton single axle)

New facility in Norrisville



Brine usage – Encouraging Excellence and Lessons Learned

Start small, then expand

Maintain the equipment

 Continuous data tracking and operation improvement

IN CLOSING...

Continued internal and external partnering

Continued research into resource alternatives

Brine does work but there is more to it...



